LABORATORY 3

INTRODUCTION TO NUMERICAL METHODS Gdansk University of Technology, dr hab. J. Guthmuller

## Hybrid method:

The goal of the exercise is to combine the bisection and Newton-Raphson methods to find the root of a function f(x), that is to say find the  $x_{Root}$  value for which  $f(x_{Root}) = 0$ .

It is assumed that  $x_{Root}$  is in the interval  $[x_L, x_R]$  (for the bisection method) and the initial value for the Newton-Raphson method is taken as  $x_0 = x_L$ .

Then, the program should decide if it should do a bisection step or a Newton-Raphson step. For that, it must check if a Newton-Raphson step stays in the interval  $[x_L, x_R]$ , i.e. the inequality,

$$x_L \le x_0 - \frac{f(x_0)}{f'(x_0)} \le x_R$$

must be verified and can be written as

$$If f'(x_0) > 0: \quad (x_0 - x_L)f'(x_0) - f(x_0) \ge 0 \ge (x_0 - x_R)f'(x_0) - f(x_0)$$
  

$$If f'(x_0) < 0: \quad (x_0 - x_L)f'(x_0) - f(x_0) \le 0 \le (x_0 - x_R)f'(x_0) - f(x_0)$$
(1)

Thus, if the inequality (1) is verified the program should do a Newton-Raphson step, otherwise it should do a bisection step.

Additionally, the interval  $[x_L, x_R]$  should be adjusted after each bisection and Newton-Raphson steps.

The process should be iterated until the Error is below a given Tolerance :

$$Error \equiv \left| \frac{x_{i+1} - x_i}{x_{i+1}} \right| \le Tolerance$$

## **Exercise:**

1) Test the program on the polynomial P(x) with  $x_L = x_0 = 0.4$  and  $x_R = 0.7$ 

$$P(x) = \frac{6435x^8 - 12012x^6 + 6930x^4 - 1260x^2 + 35}{128}$$

Give the number of bisection and Newton-Raphson steps.

2) Find the root of the function  $f(x) = x^2 - 2x - 2$  in the interval [0,3].