



**POLITECHNIKA
GDAŃSKA**

WYDZIAŁ ELEKTROTECHNIKI
I AUTOMATYKI

NUCLEAR POWER

LECTURE 6

Gdańsk 2018

NUCLEAR POWER – LECTURE 6

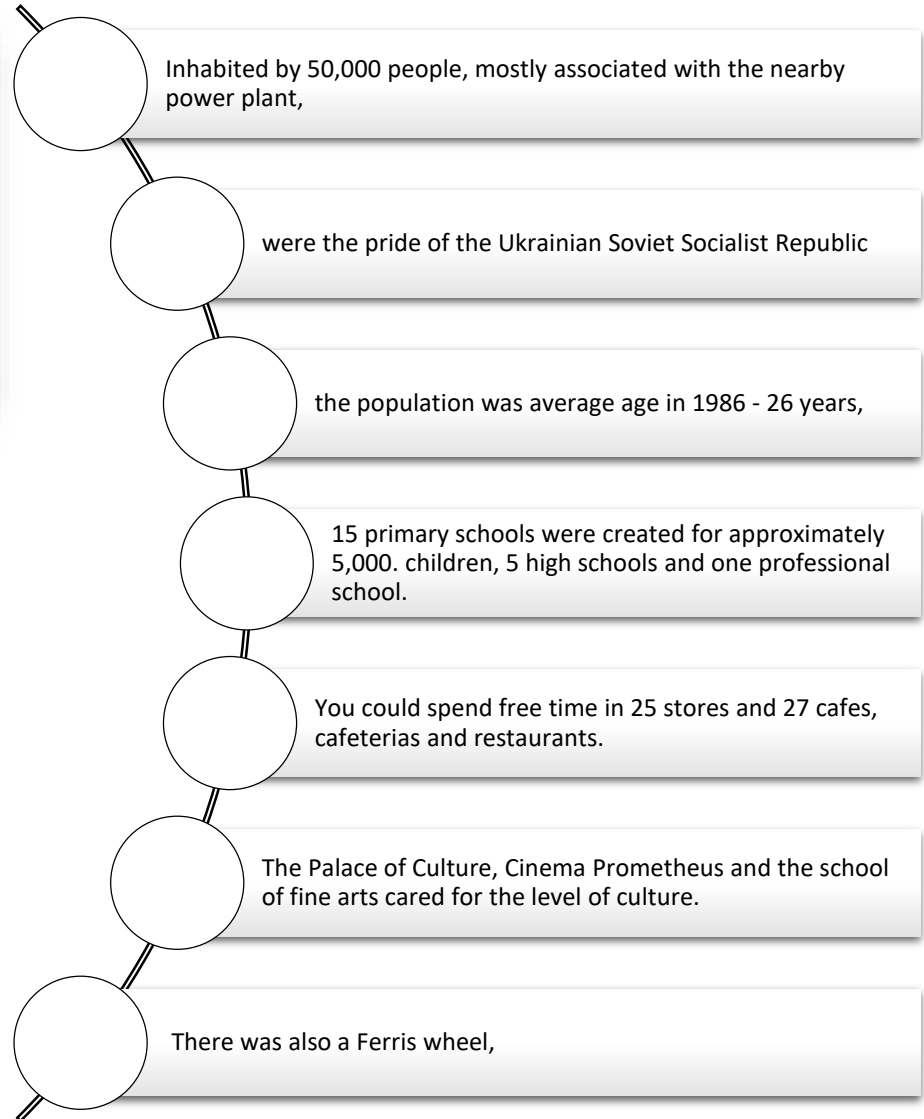
1. Charnobyl – city
2. Chernobyl – nuclear power plant
3. RBMK reactor
4. Charnobyl Accident 1986
5. New safe confinement



CHARNOBYL /ПРYPEC CITY



fig. Chernobylplace.com



CHARNOBYL –NUCLEAR POWER PLANT



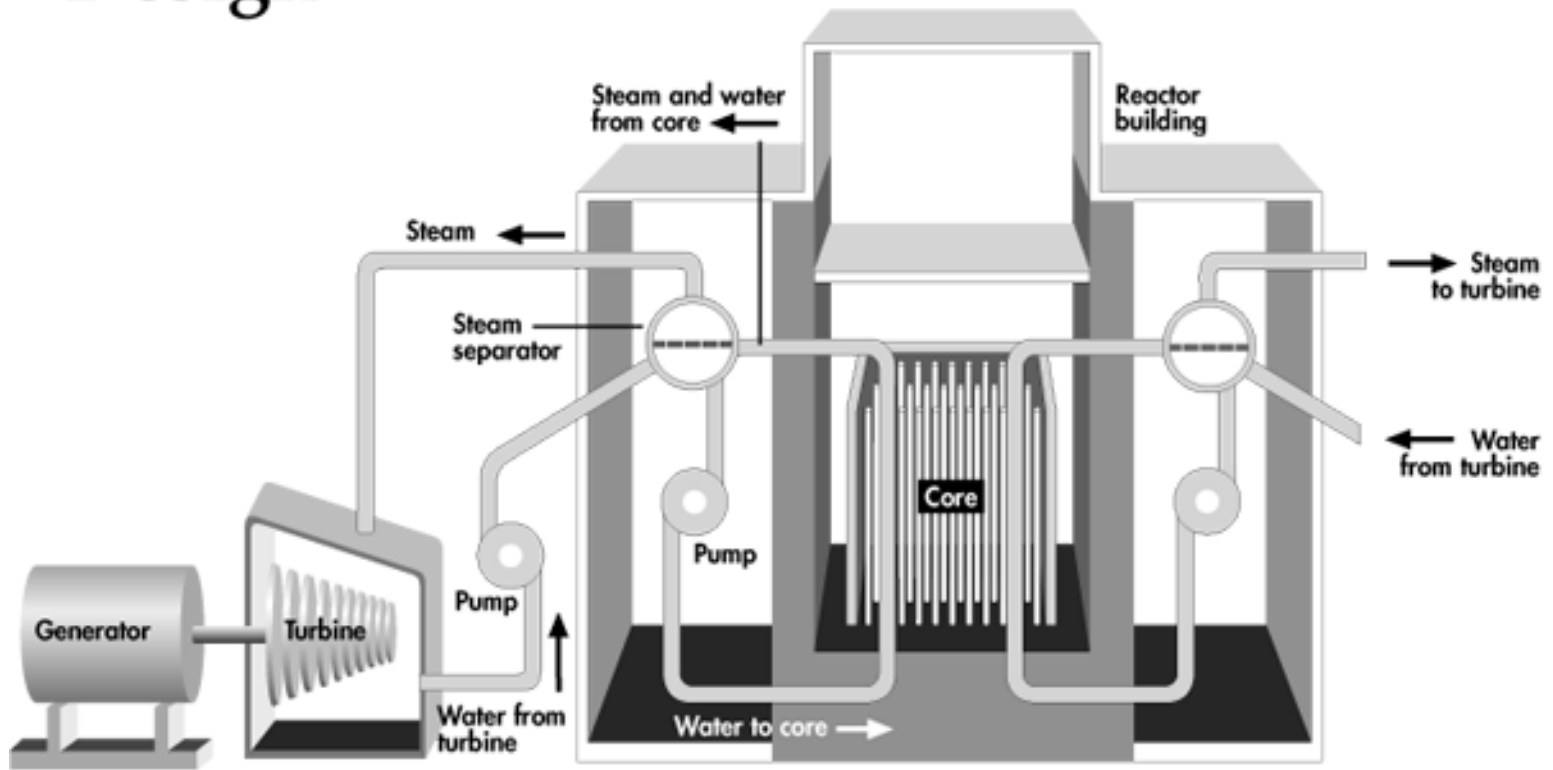
- was established in 1977.
- it was made in RBMK technology, it is an abbreviation of the High Power Feeder Channel;
- 17 reactors based on this construction were built in the Soviet Union;
- 4 of them were working in Chernobyl;

CHARNOBYL –NUCLEAR POWER PLANT

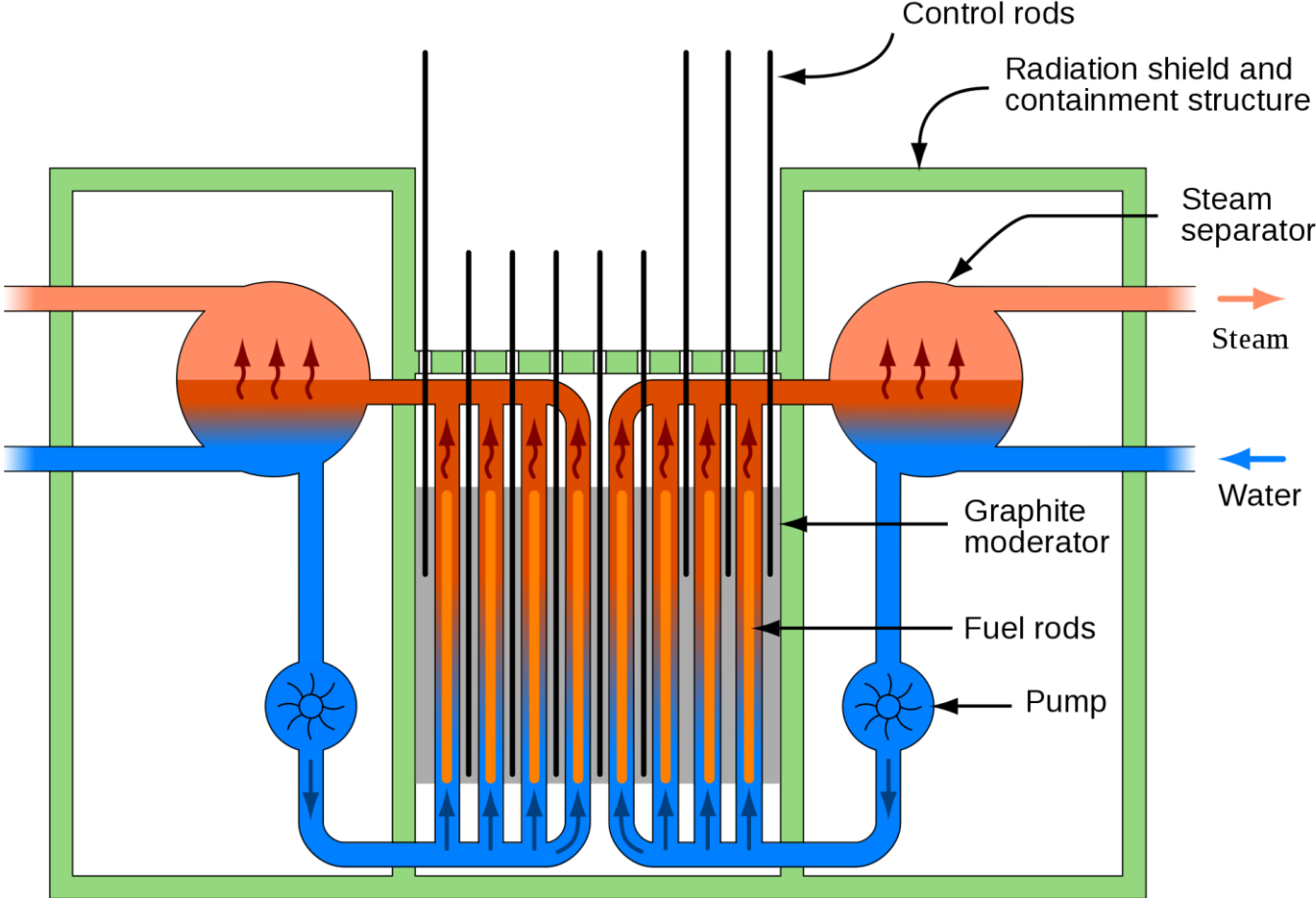


- RBMK is derived from uranium-graphite reactors plutonium for military purposes;
- 4 units – 1000 MW
- Unit 4 1000MWe, 3200 MWt
- Reactor of unit 4: 7 m height, 10 diameter
- Unit 4 and 6 in construction

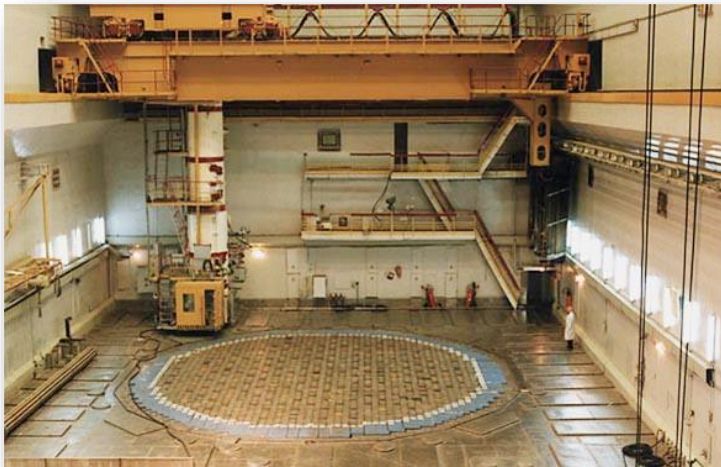
RBMK Reactor Design



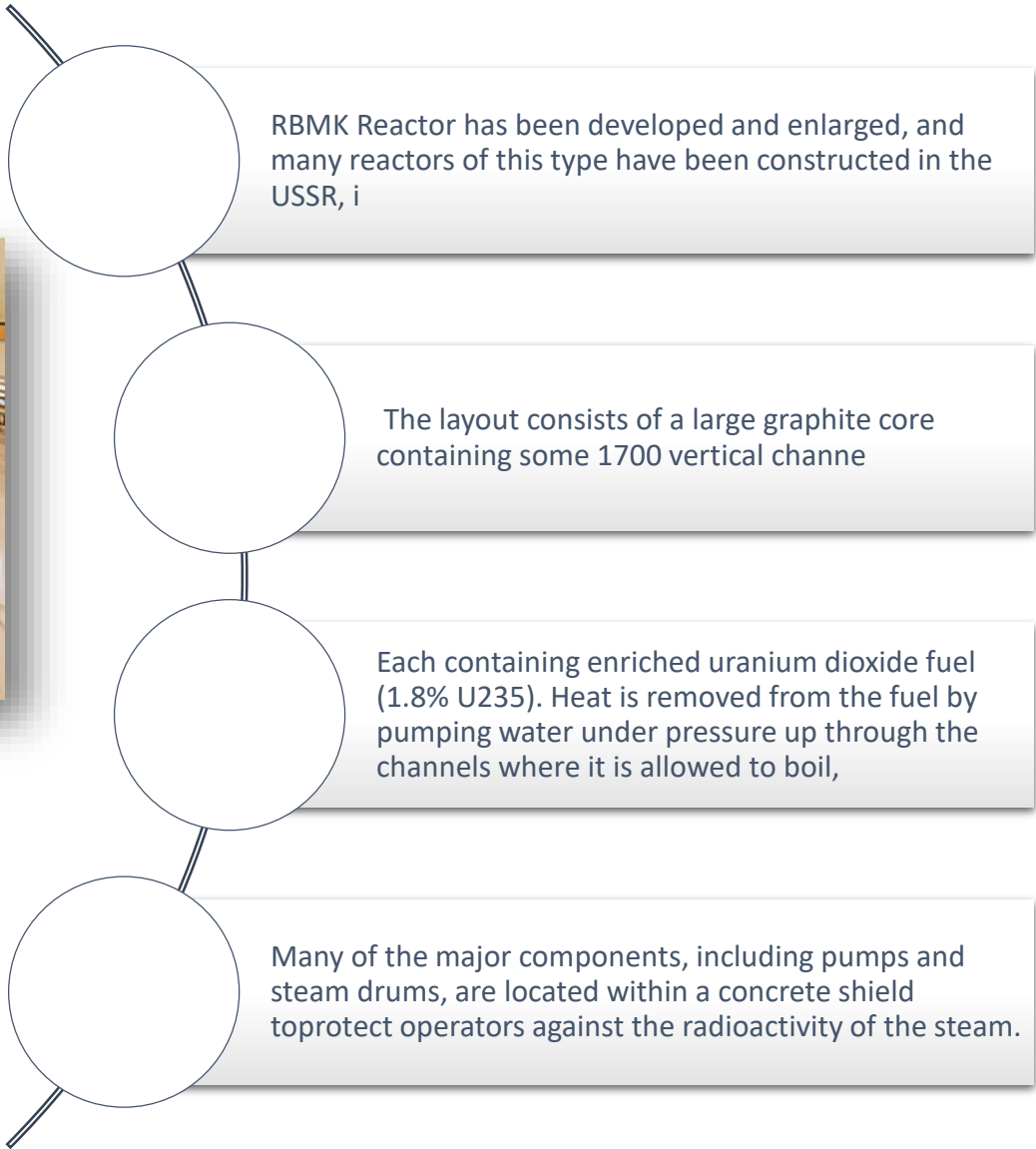
RBMK - REACTOR



RBMK - REACTOR



No 1 Reactor at the Leningrad NPP
<http://bellona.org>



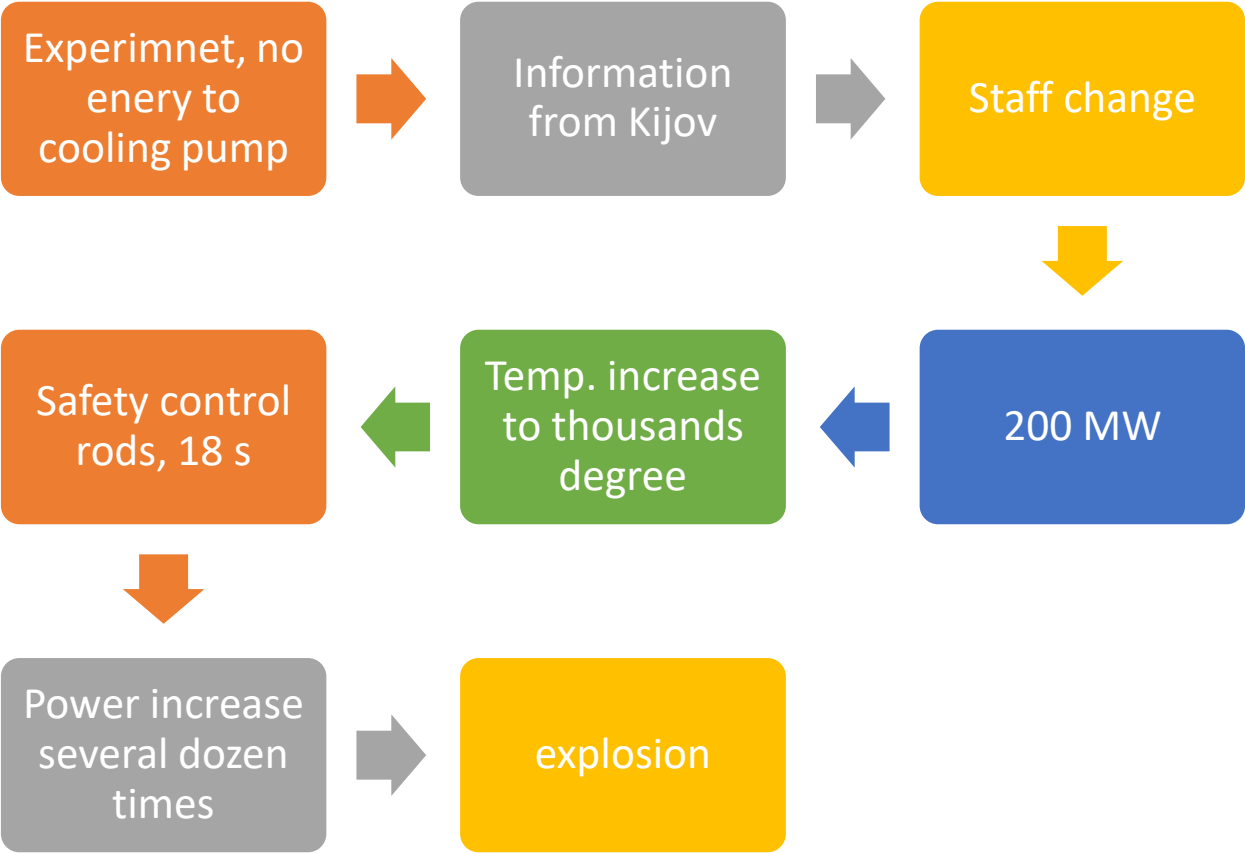
RBMK Reactor has been developed and enlarged, and many reactors of this type have been constructed in the USSR, i

The layout consists of a large graphite core containing some 1700 vertical channels

Each containing enriched uranium dioxide fuel (1.8% U235). Heat is removed from the fuel by pumping water under pressure up through the channels where it is allowed to boil,

Many of the major components, including pumps and steam drums, are located within a concrete shield to protect operators against the radioactivity of the steam.

CHARNOBYL ACCIDENT



NEW SAFE CONFINEMENT



Data:

- 257 m width
- 162 m long
- 108 m height
- 36 000 t mass
- 100 years lifetime

RADIATION EFFECTS





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Thank you for your attention